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·	Specification No. 54-a-1027-a

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DEVELOPMENT SPECIFICATION

FOR

RS-LLA PORTABLE RADIO STATION

9 March 1954

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1.1.

Purpose Of This Specification

This specification shall stipulate the performance requirements of the RS-11A communications equipment and present the electrical and mechanical design characteristics that shall guide the development and production of prototype models of such equipment.

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The RS-ILA shell be a lightweight, miniaturized, CH committees system consisting of a transmitter and receiver with a frequency range of from 3 to 12 magacycles. The transmitter and receiver shall be separate units. In addition to CH reception, the receiver shall be capable of MCH and voice reception. The RS-ILA shall be powered by, and compatible with, batteries, type BA-1264/U or exact equivalent. A canvas carrying case shall be provided to permit case of transport of the equipment and batteries.

1.3.

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The three wilts of equipment comprising the RS-11A shall be identified as the RT-11A, transmitter; the RR-11A, receiver; and the CC-11, carrying case.

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QUALITY OF DESIGN AND FABRICATION

The electrical and exchanical design of the RS-11A shall be directed towards the development of a quality product reflecting the highest possible degree of equipment reliability when exposed to the normally rough handling encountered in field usage.

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JAN Specifications

The Contractor shall utilize components, materials and fabrication presedures excting JAN Specifications of the 19200 in effect on the date of initiation of the contract,

2.1.1.

JAN Specification Hairor

In any instance there the Contractor my does it necessary to utilize other than components, materials and fabrication procedures meeting JAN Specifications, specific valvers may be authorized by the Government, but only after review by Government engineers and prior to the submission of any prototype nodels.

2.2. Fungus Treatment and Moisture Proofing

Fungus treatment and moisture proofing of all components, wiring, terminal boards, etc., shall be in accordance with JAN Specifications JAN-T-152 and JAN-C-173, Class 1.

2.3. Operating Temporature

2.3.1. Mochanical Malfunctioning

The mechanical design considerations of the RS-11A shall be such as to preclude equipment malifunctioning when exposed to operating temporatures of from plus 40 degrees C. to minus 40 degrees C.

2.3.2. <u>Meetrical Malfunctioning</u>

The RS-11A shall meet cach and every electronic requirement contained in this Specification when exposed to operating temperatures of plus 40 degrees C. to a low operating temperature as determined under the provisions of Section 2.3.2.1., below.

- 2.3.2.1. Low Operating Temperature Test Insemuch as the low operating temperature for this equipment will be determined, in part, by the current capacity of the mercury batteries when exposed to low temperatures, the Centractor shall determine by test the lowest operating temperature at which the equipment shall be capable of possessing functional electrical characteristics at the conclusion of 24-hour operation under duty cycle tests.
- 2.4. Storage Temperature

The design of the equipment shall be such as to permit storage from plus 60 degrees C. to minus 60 degrees C. without damage or impairment of operation.

2.5. VACUUM TUBES

2.5.1. General Considerations

In general the design of the RS-llA shall be such as to insure that vacuum tube operation shall be within the requirements of the manufacturer's recommended limits, or JAN Specifications, if applicable. However, should it become desirable to incorporate tubes that shall function outside such limits, it shall be contingent upon the Contractor to prove by adequate tests that continued operation outside such limits shall not introduce unreliability, instability, or other forms of deleterious operation.

2.5.2. Yourn Tubo Investigation

Inseruch as the trend of vacuum tube manufacturers is directed terards higher working voltages for miniature and subminiature vacuum tubes and in consideration of the intent of Section 2.5.1., above, the Contractor shall investigate new tube designs to permit maximum efficient use of the voltages eveilable for this equipment.

2.5.3. Vacuus Rube Replacement

It shall be mandatory that vacuum tube replacement for the RS-IIA chall not require individual tube solection and further that the operation electrical characteristics shall be reinstained with vacuum tubes that represent the extreme of their characteristics within the confines of JAN Specifications for high and low electron emission with the battery voltages available. Section 2.5.1. Chall apply.

Jan Batteti Tipe Ba-1264/U

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Φo

Battory type BA-1264/V (MIL-B-16/129 dated 1 July 1953) is compacted of executy calls with a naminal "A" supply of 1.3 volts and a capacity of 25,600 milliansors—hours with an and point of 1.05 volts. The "B" supply is a naminal 143 volts with a capacity of 630 milliansors—hours and an andpoint of 65 volts. The early of three battories are comen to "A" minus and much be insulated from each other should a serios filmentary supply be required.

Curcultry and design characteristics

The specific eigenitry to be employed in the development and production of RS-11A prototype models chall be determined by the engineering ingenuity of the Centractor and shell meet all requirements for (1) battery type RA-1264/V compatability and (2) the electronic operational characteristics required of the equipment by the Government. A minimum amount of general circuitry is proposed to restrict the number of operating centrals and to permit the incorporation of other operating centrals and to permit the incorporation of other operatal features declired.

A.L. Operating Medica

The RS-11A chall be eapable of the following modes of operation:

bold. Immediter Operation

Interpretation of the transmitter with two betteries type BA-1264/U, corice corrected.

4.1.2. Receiver Operation

Independent operation of the receiver with a single battery two BA-1264/U.

4.1.3. Simplex Operation

Simplex operation of the transmitter and receiver with two batteries type Bh-1261/U series connected for transmitter operation, the batteries being center-tapped for operation of the receiver. A combination power-enterms switch shall be necessary for this made of operation and shall be a comparent of the transmitter.

4.1.4. Duplex Operation

Duplox operation of the transmitter and receiver utilizing two batteries type BA-1264/V, series connected, for the transmitter and a single battery type BA-1264/V for the receiver. Separate resolving and transmitting antenna terminals shall be necessary for this mode of operation.

4.2. RT-LLA Transmittor

The RT-11A shall be a crystal controlled redio transmitter envering the frequency range of from 3 to 12 magacycles. The unit chall be battery powered and capable of being keyed at 30 words-per-minute with a nominal power cutput of three watte with fresh butteries.

b.2.1. Contal Control

Crystal Aundemental mode of operation shall be employed throughout the prescribed frequency range. Hilitary Standard 91377 utilizing Armed Services Crystal Unit CR-18/V and holder HC-6/V operates on fundamentals from 600 bilocycles to 15 magneyeles and is estimated from 600 bilocycles to 15 magneyeles and is estimated from 1952. The crystal shall plug into the case externally.

4.2.2. Occillator Circuitry

Oscillator circuitry shall function without doubling. The oscillator chall cahibit no evidence of crystal overredo oscillation. The oscillator input capacity for crystal correlation shall be between 26 mm. and 32 mm.

4.2.3. Power Amplifier and Tank Circuitry

Two battories type BA-1264/V series connected for a plate potential of 286 volts (no load) may be employed in the design of the transmitter power amplifier.

4.2.3.1. Recomme o Indicator - A neon build insorted across the tank circuit chall corve as a resonance indicator.

bo2oho Anterna Coupling

The anterna impedance for the RT-11A will very between 75 and 1200 ches with a piece engle of plus or minus 45 degrees. Concepently the transmitter shall possess a system-of unitarn leading that will parmit maximum power transfer over the frequency rungs.

4.2.4.1. Antern Lording Indicator - A small insundescent bulb in series with the enterna terminal chall serve as the anterna current indicator shall be chunted by a suitable exiten.

4.2.5. Sido Toma Oscillator

A special feature of the transmitter shall be a side-tone oscillator to permit menitoring of the operator's keying. A neon type relevation oscillator is satisfactory.

6.2.6. Transmitting Hand Koy

The transmitting hand key shall be an integral part of the KT-lla. The hand key as emisioned shall be of the spring loaded button type designed to actuate a microswitch and shall be econstically noise from The button, a miniaturised version of a standard hand key knob, to be mounted in a recessed panel curface area.

4.2.7. Alternate Keying Provision

The design of the keying circuitry shall include provisions for keying the transmitter from an external source. The input for such keying provisions shall be ministurised pin jacks.

4.2.8. <u>Kaylar Waveform</u>

The transmitter shall be espable of being keyed at species up to 30 words per simute. The envelope of the keyed wave shall possess rounded corners on the leading and trailing edges and chall have no sharp peaks or abrupt transients.

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The percer output of the transmitter shall be 3 watts, noming, and shall not fall below 1.5 watts, noming, at the conclusion of the 24-hour duty cycle of Section 4.3.

4.2.10. Freietce interference Blistration

Redicted interference elimination within the 15 kilocycle - 220 regregals fraquency spectrum shall be a price consideration in the domina of the RT-ILA transmittor. Filtoring and shielding, removed for this type of equipment, may be incorporated as required to further this end.

- 4.2.10.1. Kay Glicks The K-11A shall be devoid of key click rediction.
- 4.2.10.2. Howais Adictica Second homonic rediction shall be down a cipien of 23 decibals, third homonic rediction shall be down a cipien of 30 decibals and fourth and higher order harmonics shall be down a cipiens of 50 decibals from the furtherestal throughout the frequency range of 12 to 54 megacycles.
- 4.2.10.3. Lev Proquency and T.V.I. All reliation other than the humanism of faction 4.2.10.2., above, about to down 30 decibals below the fundamental case a frequency span of from 15 kilocycles to 220 conservation.
- 4.2.10.4. Spurious and action No opurious rediction, other than the harmonice commended in Section 4.2.10.2. and 4.2.10.3. above shall be gracerated. The graceration of any R. F. power vith the expectal respect from its socket shall not be permitted.

4.3 Maila Receiver

The RR-11A resider shall be a lightweight, miniaturined madic resolver expedie of GV, REV, and voice reception over the frequency rungs of 3 to 12 magneyeles. Circuitry of the receiver aball to much as to exet all requirements for dial calibration accuracy, assistivity, acceptable, image rejection, etc., as required by this Specification when tosted in accordance with test specifications. The RR-11A shall be compatible with, and powered by a single battery type RA-1264/V. The electrical characteristics contained herein shall be those obtainable with fresh batteries, and at the operating temperature extremes.

4.3.1. Reciver Frequency Colibration

The maliantica of the diel calibration occurrey est diel resettability manifed, and the development of a feasible method of calibrating this unit of equipment when manufactured in production quantities shall constitute a precisic size of this development.

- 4.3.1.1. Dial Calibration Accuracy The calibration accuracy of the tuning dial shall be within 0.1% throughout the tuning range.
- 4.3.1.2. Dial Resetability The accuracy of resetability shall be within 0.01% when approached from either the high or the low end of the tuning range.
- 4.3.1.3. Dial Markings Numbered dial markings on the main tuning control shall be provided at 50 kilocycle intervals up to 6 megacycles of frequency coverage and at 100 kilocycle intervals thereafter. Intermediate dial marks shall be provided in a number compatible with dial length and frequency spread.
- 4.3.1.3.1. The Contractor shall investigate the feasibility of providing luminous dial markings to permit receiver tuning in complete darkness.
- 4.3.1.4. Dial Scale The dial scale length shall be made as great as possible consistant with dial calibration accuracy and resetability.
- 4.3.2. Ray Noise

Raw noise shall not exceed 0.02 milliwatts, A.M. or C.W. when tested in accordance with the equipment Test Specifications.

4.3.3. Sensitivity

The nominal C.W. sensitivity shall be such that a 5 microvolt signal input will produce an output of 0.5 milliwatts, signal plus noise, across 4,000 ohms. The A.M. sensitivity shall be such that a 15 microvolt signal input modulated 30% with a 1,000 c.p.s. tone will provide an output of 0.5 milliwatts, signal plus noise, across 4,000 ohms.

4.3.4. Audio Output

The audio output circuitry shall be designed to deliver maximum power to a 4,000 ohm load. The output for this equipment shall consist of two 2,000 ohm Telex earpieces (magnetic type), or equivalent, series connected.

4.3.5. Audio Response

The audio response shall be essentially flat and not fall below 3 decibels over the range of 150 to 2500 c.p.s.

4.3.6. Antenna Coupling

The antenna impedance for this equipment shall vary between 70 and 3,000 ohms.

4.3.7. Oscillator Frequency Pulling

Opeillator pulling with control of gain or with variation in eignal strength shall be held to a minimum. Maximum oscillator furquency change with variation in gain shall not exceed 100 cycles when the gain control is varied between minimum and environ. Oscillator frequency change with variation in input eignal shall not shift more than 100 cycles between signal input levels 5 microvolts and 200,000 microvolts.

4.3.8. Oscillator Drift

After a five-minute warm-up, the rate of change of frequency of the high frequency oscillator due to any cause shall be less than .000k percent per minute.

1.3.9. I.F. and Image Rejection

In the event that superheterodyne circuitry is employed in the dosign of this equipment the I.F. rejection ratio shall exceed 60 decibels and the image rejection ratio shall exceed 50 decibels over the frequency range.

4.3.10. Over-all solectivity

The over-all selectivity shall approximate the following:

Response	(Decibols)	Randwidth (Kilocycles)
	3	5.0
	6	5.4
	10	6.2
. •	20	7.8
ca	40	11.2
6 3	60	16.0

4.3.11. Radiation Interference Klimination

Radiation interference elimination shall be a prime consideration in the design of the RR-11A receiver. Shielding, unusual for this type of miniaturized equipment may be incorporated as required to further this end.

4.4. RS-11A Duty Cycle

The operating duty cycle for equipment-battery compatability shall be such as to provide 24, hours of operation with a duty cycle consisting of one-half hour of receiver operation followed by fifteen minutes of transmitter operation on a repatitive basis for a total lapsed time of 24, hours.

4.4.1. Coerating mode

Duty cycle tests shall be conducted with one set of two batteries type BA-1264/U for simplex operation as described under the requirements of Section 4.1.3.

4.4.2. Duty Cycle Test Operation

The receiver shall deliver full rated power output and the transmitter shall be keyed at a rate of 12 dot cycles per second during duty cycle tests.

4.4.3. Duty Cycle Test Operating Characteristics

The equipment shall be capable of maintaining functional operating characteristics throughout the 24 hours of cycling over the frequency range of the equipment.

4.5. RS-11A Test Specification

Tost of the RS-11A operational characteristics shall be conducted in accordance with RS-11A Test Specifications which shall be a part of the RS-11A Development Specification.

5. RS-lla Packaging

The intended diversified operational compatability of the units shall require dual packaging techniques. It is intended that quick operational assembly of the equipment and batteries shall be possible with a building block arrangement devoid of any cabling. A further requirement exists for power cabling such as will parmit equipment operation while the batteries remain in the CC-11 carrying case. Several modes of operation chall be required of the RS-11A when packaged as above.

5.1. Adaptors

Special adaptors shall be provided to permit physical connection of the batteries to the equipment cases and cables. Data on the terminal socket of RA-1264/U is contained in MIL-B-18/129 and data on "National Special" Specifications is contained in a "1950 Supplement to Screw-Thread Standards for Fedoral Services 1944" published by the National Bureau of Standards.

5.1.1. Alternate Power Connector

A special male connector shall be provided to paratic operation with other than batteries type BA-1264/U. Such connectors shall plug into the equipment and terminate with four wire linds. The leads shall be suitable color coded and tagged.

5.2. Adaptors and Cables

Adaptors and cabling shall be such as to provide the modes of operation described in Section 4.1.

6. HECHANICAL DESIGN CHARACTERISTICS

6.1. CC-11 Carrying Case

A canvas carrying case shall be provided as a component of the RS-llA to permit ease in transport of the equipment. Suitable partitions shall be provided for the RT-llA, the RR-llA, three batteries type BA-1264/U and normal accessories. The battery partitions shall be such as to provide insulation between the battery cases.

6.2. RT-lla and RR-lla

6.2.1. Weight

The combined weight of the RT-llA and the RR-llA shall not exceed 4 pounds.

6.2.2. Dimensions

The maximum dimensions of either unit of the RS-11A shall not exceed the dimensions of one battery type BA-1264/U. The approximate dimensions of this battery are $3 1/2^{11} \times 2 1/3^{11} \times 6 1/4^{11}$. The receiver and transmitter used not possess identical dimensions, the foremest consideration being reduced physical size.

6.2.3. Unit Case Construction

The contractor shall determine the suitability of magnesium vertus aluminum for fabrication of the equipment cases for the RR-11A and RT-11A. As a third alternative, the Contractor may recommend a particular plastic for fabrication of the equipment cases.

6.2.3.1. Case Cover - The Contractor shall investigate the feasibility of providing a watertight hinged cover or partial cover that shall serve to cover the operating controls and adaptor recepticals of the equipment.

6.2.3.2. Case Corners - All corners of the equipment cases shall be rounded to a 1/40 radius.